WHEELING, WEST VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1879.

VOLUME XXVII.—NUMBER 242.

steel manufacture is clearly denes not been brought into a state

machine puddler. The "Danks" furnace s has greatly abated in view of "Siemens-Martin's" processes, ely supplant the puddling furnace our collapse proved to be from 203,680,000 in 1872 to \$1,000,000 in of the mountains has ed a Siemens-Martin furnace and stagnation. or the entire product of their two Blast will then have no further use for

gion, we admit that the change from soldled iron to steel cannot be made at

nills where blast furnaces are conve ent to the puddling department an econione the molten iron direct from the last furnace to the puddling furnace, thus gel labor and time required in re-melting. the puddling furnaces in the twenty ould be but little more than is now reired for the two turns. This system has ad, for some years. The plan is also emens-Martin Works.

The most important improvement, howdopt is the gas furnace for re-heating the rious departments of the trade.

Rule II. All questions shall, in the first in the ordinary coal burning furnace ranges from eight to twelve per cent. In the gas furnaces the loss is from three to five per cent. A mill with the capacity of the Belmont (say 25 boiling furnaces) will arm out 50 tons of muck iron every 24 bours, or say 275 tons per week, costing the product of the Belmont (say 25 boiling furnaces) will be to settle any question; the shall, as early as possible, be referred to the Board. urs, or say 275 tons per week, costing

r annum, would amount to \$11,440. satisfactory results where it has been troduced, but it is claimed for the "Por ani" furnace that it gives equally good re-

accessary and irrepressible conflict beween labor and capital. They point to ad that at this time it is seemingly more stense and irreconcilable than ever bebre. They assume that a fair division of

profits between the two can never be es-

Calloch, in a late lecture at Harvard, exalmost idolized by the boys of the Cadet presses the opinion that the great cyll of artime is overproduction, and that this wil has arisen from the rapid increase of abor saving machinery. He points to the act that the civilized world is now suffering from stagnation, caused, as he says, by greater ability to produce than to consume.

Mr. McCulloch, as it seems to us, stops short of a large view of his subject. Europe and America are suffering from stagnation, no doubt, but it is only a little while since millions of people in China, where there is really no machinery worthy of the name, were starving to death. Not that food was unobtainable in the country, but simply because there were no fators and the stage of the states, in which he excepts. by from stagnation, caused, as he says, by try, but simply because there were no facilities for transporting and distributing it China all work is done by hand. Men and women are the machines in that country. They are the pack horses—the country compan curiers—and hence millions of common carriers - and hence millions of them are always exposed to calamity

them are always exposed to calamity when a famine occurs in their immediate sections of the Empire.

We read in this morning's news of people starving to death in the Valley of the Cahmers—a fertile country of Hindostan—where rice grows in great abundance, and where wheat, barley, milet and maize are produced. The country has fine natural capacities, but to-day the people are starving, not on account of machinery but rather for the lack of it.

Civilization has not only increased wealth but distributed it far more equally than in the barbarous and semi-barbarous ages. Machinery has diversified human eaployment and lifted men up from being the more slaves of the soil to the slig-there are the more elaves of the soil to the slig-there are the more slaves of the soil to the slig-there are the more slaves of the soil to the slig-there are the more slaves of the soil to the slig-there are the more slaves of the soil to the slig-there are the scale to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the more slaves of the soil to the slight of the slight of the students have attended the general lectures on the students have attended the general lectures on the students have attended the general lectures of the subdiction. The constitution and of the students have attended the general lectures of the subdiction and other subjects. It is a good beginning.

The

ing the mere slaves of the soil to the dignity of intelligent and skilled laborers.

Special causes have been at work of late years to throw the relations of lator and capital out of gear. Mr. McCulloch capital out of gear. Mr. McCulloch sught to know a great deal about their years to throw the relations of labor and ought to know a great deal about their history, for he has had much to do with the finances of their country as Comptoller of the Currency and Secretary of
the Treasury. He ought to know that the
inflation of trade in this country from
1861 up to the panic of 1873 was unnatur-

al and unparalleled, and that its revulsion The Intelligencer: at and unparalleled, and that its revulsion explains in great part the disasters of this country and England. Our emissions of legal tender notes drove more than 200 millions of coin abroad, and with it our the iron industry on the Eve of Great whole gold and silver product. This was the way that the printing of money in-In the manufacture of malleable iron the creased the quantity of it. It inflated the home price of productions so that neght from continues to show itself in it was cheaper to buy in Europe than at the y direction, and the tendency of home even with a high tariff to protect us. It made this country a great market to sell ned its aim is the production of cast in and a poor one to buy in. Our outgoe steel produced in the liquid ing stream of silver and gold, and then our bonds, started an inflation in England and great activity in all her industries. A omplete fusion, and which therefore wonderful impetus was given to her ship does not possess perfect homogeneity ping and shipbuilding interests, and the revolution from wood to iron gave a great stimulus to the iron business from manufacturers was to obtain a good from 205 millions in 1862 to 455 millions in 1866, and to 541 millions in 1871, and in given very satisfactory results, but the 1872 to 640 millions. This was because perest in improvements in puddled iron | we had over 700 millions of paper money afloat, and nearly 2,000 millions of bonds, and no gold and silver, and were doing a from England were on an immense scale of their products, seem destined and she flourished at our expense. But

1877, and this fact explains her present The stagnation on the continent of Europe is to be explained in the same way by the Franco-German war. The immense sums paid to Germany caused a cels, realy to be worked into plates, great inflation there and a subsequent disastrous collapse.

also, for her exports to this country fell

We have not space to go into detail to show how natural and how explainable have been the recent difficulties between lon manufacture is on the verge of tran- labor and capital growing out of the present stagnation of trade. The foolishness of finance is in large part responsible for tce. In the meantime it well to inquire them, and we must, both in this country that economies may be effected under and in Europe, pay the penalty until we

We referred yesterday to the custom now obtaining in some parts of England of arbitrating difficulties in regard to wages and employes. Some of these rules are as Rule 3 provides that the Board of Arbi-

Rule 3 provides that the Board of Arbi-tration shall consist one employer and one operative for each works.

Rule 8. Each representative shall be deemed fully authorized to act for the works which has elected him, and the de-cision of a majority of the Board, or its referees, shall be binding upon the em-ployers and operatives of all works repre-sented.

mittee shall be appointed, to consist of four employers and four operatives, in ad-dition to the President and Vice-Presi-dent, reference being had in the selection to the desirability of represent

to the Board.
Rules 13 and 14 provide that all votes
shall be taken by ballot; that no chairman of the Board shall be entitled to any

nal and binding. There are twenty-two rules in all. Those

MORGANTOWN.

Examinations at the University begin been down with the "spring fever" are be-

ginning to tremble.

corps. The competition for the Regents' Prizes will be unusually sharp this year. Fifteen entered the primary contest for the Declamation, from which number five were selected. Mr. Devine, of Wheeling, is b

which he excels.

Mr. Devine bolds an enviable reputation as he ween the famished sections and as he ween the famished sections and those where there was an abundance. In the section of the section o

greatly.

The Law Department has had but one

Another Wonderful Biscovery.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. DOMESTIC NEWS.

The Democratic Circus at Columbus To-Day.

Uncle Dick Thinks He is Solid for the Nomination.

Gen. Rice is Equally Sanguine and Hopeful.

Gen. Ewing's Chances as the Dark Horse Good.

The Greenbackers Not Favorable to a Coalition.

Notorious Colored Thief Shot Near Grafton.

The Pittsburgh Boilers Refuse to Submit to Arbitration.

Still the Situation Promises a Short Lock-Out.

GOV. BISHOP'S PROSPECTS Dispatch from His Private Secretary.

A large number of disappointed place hunters, backed by Washington influence are making a desperate fight on Governor ing up for him manfully, and the pros pects are brightening for his re-nomination. Efforts are being made to-night to and Lieutenant-Governor, but with what chances for success is not now known. It

Governor will lead all the candidates at

the start to-morrow.

ALBERT ALLEN,
Private Secretary,

Associated Press Dispatch.
COLUMBUS, O., June 3.—The hotels are fast filling up with delegates to the State Democratic and Greenback Conventions, which meet to-morrow. The contest for Governor on the Democratic ticket overshadows all other interests, and the fight at present is narrowed down to Rice and Bishop. The friends of both candidates are confident of success, but Rice seems to have the greatest strength at this hour. have the greatest strength at this hour. Their is very little talk of coalition with the Greenback men. Senator Thurman and Gen. Ewing have telegraphed their friends that they will not attend the Con-

COLUMBUS, O., June 3.—The hotels are verflowing with delegates to the State emocratic and Greenback Conventions, which meet to-morrow. The interest cen-ters on the nomination for Governor, and the platform and other candidates are attracting little attention thus far. The contest to-day for Governor has been be-tween Gen. Rice and Gov. Bishop. This morning the Rice men had things almost entirely their own way, but the arrival of the delegates from the rural counties this afternoon has materially in-creased Bishop's strength. hich meet to-morrow. The interest cen

ers will coalesce on, and because he will be more acceptable to the supporters of ooth Rice and Bishop, when it becomes evident that neither of them can be nominated. Few supporters of either Rice or Bishop admit the possibility of the defeat of their candidate, but each in turn admit Ewing's strength as the popular candidate, and that he will be the man they can

unite on better than any one else.

Judge Gilmore will be re-nominated for Judge Gilmore will be re-nominated to-supreme Judge and Anthony Howells for Freasurer, without opposition. The plat-form will be substantially that of last year. In addition, it will endorse the Congres-ional action relating to the President's form will be substantially that of last year. In addition, it will endorse the Congressional action relating to the President's vetoes; that the government shall issue all paper noney, and demand unlimited coinage of silver previous to the substitution of greenbacks for national bank notes.

Major Snyder is back from the sham battle, well pleased with his trip. The Major is a kind and efficient officer and is an exception, opposed a coalition with the Democrats in the nomination of any candidates on the State ticket. Their senti-ments as expressed was that it would be wise for the Greenback organization to hold its convention and nominate its can-didates without regard to what the Demo-cratic convention might do.

ADDITE ATION NO CO.

The Pittsburgh Boilers Decide Not to Adopt it—The Result in Doubt Bu Hopes of a Short Suspension. Special to the Intelligencer.

Pirrsburgh, June 3.

According to agreement, the boilers held a meeting this afternoon at Emerald Hall, which continued in session from three to six o'clock, and after a full discussion of the proposition to arbitrate their differences with the iron masters they voted to reject the proposition. They also discharged their committee on the ground that there was no need for a further conference. This action on their part is to five members. interpreted as meaning that their ultimatum is the signing of the scale or a stay out. This result was not entirely unexpected but it was hoped that possibly an arbitration might be agreed upon and a lock out prevented. It is hard now to tell what shape the difficulty will assume. The preponderance of opinion seems to be that the strike will not be of long duration, although both sides talk firm and manifest

no signs of giving in. Notorious ThiefShot and Killed.

GRAPTON, W. VA., June 3.

CAUCUS CONCLUSIONS.

Washington, June 3. SENATE.

The House bil. extending time for the payment of pre-emptors on public lands in Minnesota and Dakota was passed.

The House bill to confer certain powers and limitation on the Commissioners of the District of Columbia was taken up.

Consideration was interrupted by the expiration of the morning hour.

The House bill establishing post routes then came up.

then came up.

During the consideration of the bill

Mr. Beck offered the following amend

he is hereby authorized to place such mail service on any public highway, river or road within the United States as the public service may require, and such public highways, rivers or railroads are hereby

declared post routes as soon as such mail service is placed thereon."

Mr. Beck said he thought the amendment would do away with the necessity for detailed annual bills.

After discussion, Mr. Beck withdrew the amendment and the bill passed.

The Senate then took up the bill to amend the act relating to a certain judicial district of Texas, and the Senate went into executive session, and when the doors opened adjourned.

HOUSE.

The consideration of the bill amending the Statutes relative to the removal ocauses from the State to Federal courts Mr. Townshend (Ills.) withdrew the de

(as it was everywhere whispered) that it was the purpose of the opposite side of the House to delay action on every bill and

Mr. Conger-Without having authoris to speak for the centlemen on all, I think I may say every man on this side listens to the demand of the country

the popular government.

Mr. Reed - If you would quote the language of the gentleman from Ohio more it

of pipe stems. They call it rheumatism, but it is tobacco and nothing else that has wasted him away to this extent, and it

and claims another victim.

CHICAGO, June 3 .- The following is the result of the Judicial election yesterday in Cook county:

25,016; Moran, 25,617; Barnum, 25,218; Tuley, 23,017. Republicans—Booth, 19,646; Buell, 18,-749; Rosenthal, 18,408; Williams, 17,239; Reed, 15,043. Average Democratic majority, 8,223. For Supreme Court Judge, the majority of Dickey, Democrat, over Dent, Republi-

can, was 7,884.
In the Twelfth Circuit the Republicans

elected all their Judges.

Reports from the State at large are scattering, but indicate that where partisan nominations were made the Republicans generally elected their candidates by small insjorities. The vote was very light, especially where there was only one ticket, as happened in several Circuits.

New York, June 3 .- In the Swedenbo gian Convention to-day the reports of the Board of Missions were read, showing the good effected in the United States, Italy, Germany, Denmark and Sweden.

Resolutions were adopted providir that the moneys collected for missionary work be distributed among the diligent missionaries, not only in the Southern States but also in the West and Northwest, allowing the various associations to con-duct the missionary work in their own way, within their own limits or territory.

The Board of Publication was reduced Pennsylvania Company's Directors. Pittsburgh, June 3.—The annual meet

Company was held here this morning. leases of the Ashtabula and Pitt

ing of thestockholders of the Pennsylvania

burgh, Nortwestern Ohio and Indianapolis and Vincennes Railways was unanimously and Vincennes Railways was unanimously ratified and the following directors elected for the ensuing year: Thomas A. Scott, J. N. McCullough, William Thaw, Thos. D. Messler, Geo. B. Roberts, S. M. Felton, Sr., Westar Merris, Henry M. Phillips, Alexander Biddle, J. Price Wetherill, H. H. Houston and J. N. Dubarry. The organization of the board was postponed until a later date.

Will Meet Opposition.

The Legislative, Judicial and Executive Appropriations Will be Continued

nembers of the House and Senate held a joint caucus this afternoon in the hall of the House of Representatives to receive the report of the Joint Advisory Committee in regard to the appropriation bills.

After several hours had been devoted to its consideration it was adopted with substantial nanimity. The following is the stantial nanimity. The following is the oint caucus this afternoon in the hall of rantial unanimity. The following is the programme agreed upon: The House Committee on appropriations will forthwith prepare for the introduction of three bills, as follows:

dent based his veto: "Section 6. That no money appropriated by this act is appropriated or shall be paid for the subsistence, equipment, transportation or compensation of any part of the army to be used as a police force to keep the peace at the polls at any election held within any State. Second. A bill extending the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation act of June 19th, 1878, for one year from the 13th lust. for the same items and purposes therein specified, except in regard to the apportionment of clerical force in some of the executive departments, which is left to the discretion of the Committee on Appropriations. A provision will be made propriations. A provision will be made in this bill for the salary of clerks in the offices created since the passage of the act which is to be extended. The bill will

which is to be extended. The bill will contain no general legislation, except that portion of the recently vetoed bill, and known as the "McMahon amendment," which provides for the repeal of certain laws regulating the payment of pensions, and directs the Secretary of the Treasury to pay out for arrearages of pensions the remainder of the ten million dollars hitherthe held as a special fund for the redemption of fractional currency. Last year's bill, which it is thus proposed to re-enact, provided for the salaries of all United States Judges, District Attorneys and United States Marshals, but made no appropriation for "Judicial expenses," which, however, were subsequently provided for

the expenses of the courts of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30th

the popular government.

Mr. Reed-If you would quote the language of the gentleman from Ohio more it will be a great improvement.

Mr. Cakkins—There are a good many men on this side not entirely in sympathy with the gentleman from Michigan. There are some who may be.

Mr. Humphrey—Confounded few. (Applause.)

Mr. Cox then made his speech in favor of the repeal of the juror's test oath, and the House adjourned.

Matt Carpenter's Health Broken Bown.

Chicago, June 2.—Correspondence from Millwakee says the announcement that Senator Carpenter has been advised by his physician to go to Florida for his health was a genuine surprise to his friends in that city. Few supposed him to be other than in the best of health and spirits. The second section or expenses and all of the veloced appropriate in detail about 62,700,000 for all the estimated periodical expenses such as fees of jurors and with cases. The safe keeping of prisoners and all other ordinary items of expenditure under the Department of Justice, except for the compensation of supervisors and deputy marshals of elections. The bill will neither mention nor provide for any such officers. Attached to this section will be a proviso compensation said jurors at \$\frac{3}{2}\$ per day, to which will be added (substantially in the same terms) those sections of the vetoed appropriation bill which provide for the amendments respecting the method of drawing juries and for the total abolition of jurors test oath.

The second section of this bill will provide that no portion of the money therein appropriate shall be used for fees, salaries, compensation or expenses of any person employed under and by virtue of the repeal of the revised statutes. This title comprises the Federal election laws, which authorize the appeal of the substantially authorize the appeal of the revised statutes. This title comprises the Federal election laws, which authorize the appeal of the substantially authorize the appeal of the substantial of the compensation of the substantially and the substan

person employed under and by virtue of title 26 of the revised statutes. This title comprises the Federal election laws, which authorize the appointment of Supervisors and Deputy Marshals of election and pro-vides for their compensation.

The third section will read as follows:

prepare measures in accordance with the determination of the caucus above deregard to the army bill, and the advis committee's recommendations on this sub-ject being opposed by only a few members of the House, while the Senators present

eport.
Senator Thurman, in behalf of the Joint

Democracy.

He declared it to be a fact known to every gentleman present that no Democratice cancus and no Democratic committee of the Caucus has ever taken the position that supplies should be refused until the President should acquiesce in their demand for the repeal of certain objectional statutes.

These repeal measures would not vote on the appropriation bills simply as the most convenient method of passage in point of time, and as a method of giving greater prospect of the President's approval. The President had taken the responsibility of opposing the will of the people, and had really given the Democracy the benefit of the issues thus raised. Congress could now exercise its constitutional right to designate the purposes for which the money it appropriates shall be used.

Referring to the proposed omission of Portion of the people and had really given the Democracy the benefit of the issues thus constitutional right to designate the purposes for which the money it appropriates shall be used.

Referring to the proposed omission of process of the proposed omission of the proposed on the proposed of the proposed of the proposed of the proposed on the proposed of the proposed o

Referring to the proposed omission of any appropriation for Supervisors and Deputy Marshals, Mr. Thurman said: "Does any one believe that the President will attempt to coerce us? This would be the attitude he would assume were he to refuse the approval of a bill appropriating money for various specific objects on the ground that it does not contain an appropriation for some other purpose."

Representatives Blackburn and Clymer, in brief speeches, argued that the army bill should be made more stringent, so as to absolutely prohibit the use of troops at the polls. Referring to the proposed omission of

the polls.

Gen. Johnston also expressed his opin-

Reese Parsons, mulatto and notorious desparado, and for a long time leader of a large gang of thieves in Barbour county and who fied to this county, pursued by an officer with a warrant for his arrest, many farmed and manufacturer, arrested some resisting the arrest was shot this ever and manufacturer, arrested some this place. Several of the gang had been arrested and some seventy skeleton keys found on them.

The famine in Cashmere is very serious. Great distress prevalls throughout the country. Many towns and villages have been depopulated. The authorities are sending for assistance.

The famine in Cashmere is very serious. Great distress prevalls throughout the country. Many towns and villages have been depopulated. The authorities are sending for assistance.

The famine in Cashmere is very serious. Bending for assistance.

The famine in Cashmere is very serious. Bending for a sending for assistance.

The famine in Cashmere is very serious. Great distress prevalls throughout the country. Many towns and villages have been depopulated. The authorities are sending for a sendin

The Army Bill Will be Modified but

committee's report would be adopted. He said it met his views entirely.

Messrs. Morrison, Reagan, Casey and Young also advocated its adoption.

Representative Atkins replied to various questions concerning some of the features proposed in the bills.

In respose to the inquiry of Speaker Randall, whether it would not be better to make a provision in an ordinary way for the objects covered by the last year on the legislative, executive and judicial bill instead of merely continuing that measure, Mr. Atkins said that the design of the committee in advising the latter course was to economize the time, as last year's bill comprised some 90 pages of robbery, is certainly a startling announcement to be made in the columns of a newspars of colock, having been in session nearly three hours.

MASHINGTON.

ATTEMPTED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

ATTEMPTED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

No A WASHINGTON, June 3.-The Democratic

SECRETARY M'CRARY'S CHANGE. First. The army appropriation bill which was vetoed by the President, with the following new section to take the place of the section on which the President based his veto: "Section 6. That no WASHINGTON, June 3.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following: I nominate George W. McCrary, of Iowa, to be Judge of the Eighth United States Judicial Circuit, in place of John F. Dil-lon, resigned. The resignation to take effect the 1st day of September, 1879, and the nomination is to be for the vacancy thus created. SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE FOUR PER CENTS. The subscriptions to the four per cent funding certificates since vesterday's re port were \$1,133, 420. COINAGE OF MAY.

The coinage executed at the Ur States mints during May is as follows: .2,330,000 Total miner coinage...... 415,600 Total coirage..... ..2,967,590 APPOINTED DIRECTORS UNION PACIFIC R. P.

Nathaniel Niles, N. J.; Geo. D. Smyth, Iowa; Daniel Chadwick, Conn.; Ralph B. Buckland, Ohio, and Chas. N. House, Nebraska, have been appointed a Board of Government Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad. Niles is the only new members. In the executive session of the Senate

to-day all the pending nominations, some three hundred in number, for appointments and promotions in the army, were confirmed en masse. The nomination of Secretary McCrary as Judge Dillon's successor was referred in the usual course. The nomination of R. Stockett Matthews to be United States District Attorney of Maryland was reported adversely by the Judiciary Committee. The following were also confirmed: Wilson King, of Pennsylvania, United States Consul at Birmingham; Wm. T. Hord, of Kentucky, Medical Director.

mingham; Wm. T. Hord, of Kentucky, Medical Director. The Senate Finance Committee has

At the cabinet meeting to-day Secretar

Sherman gave an account of the refund-ing operations of the Treasury, which have just closed ust closed. death of ex-Senator Shield wa

mentioned with regret, and Secrety McCrary will order a military escube be present at the funeral. FOREIGN NEWS.

CUBA. FREE TRADE WITH UNITED STATES. HAVANA, June 3 .- Advices to the 18th it is feared will be very heavy. Germany is the sole market of San Domingo for to bacco. All transactions have been stop ped and a serious crisis is expected. In consequence of this state of affairs Presi-dent Guillermo has submitted to Congress a proposition to establish free trade with a proposition to establish free trade with the United States. The plan proposes the admission into San Domingo, duty free, of all American produce, provided the Uni-ted States grants the same privilege to San Domingo produce. The project was very popular, though it was feared the United States would refuse to enter into the agree-ment. The Congress was discussing the There seems to be a difference of opinion among the Republicans here about whether to scratch Oglevee for State Auditor. On one side it is said that he took the side of Bellaire against St. Clairsville simply because he had to take one side or ment. The Congress was discussing the proposal, and if approved it was intended to dispatch a special envoy to Washington.

FRANCE.

LIVELY TIMES IN THE FRENCH CHAMBERS report.
Senator Thurman, in behalf of the Joint Committee, submitted a report and explained its features and the grounds on which the Committee had based their conclusions. In the course of his speech, of considerable length and much earnest-noss, he scouted the idea that the adoption of the course proposed by the Committee could be considered a back down by the Democracy.

He declared it to be a fact known to every gentleman present that no Democratic caucus and no Democratic committee.

LIVELY TIMES IN THE FRENCII CHAMBERS. VERSAMERS. VERSAMERS. A TIME PRENCII CHAMBERS. VERSAMERS. THE PRENCII CHAMBERS. THE PRINCII CHAMBERS. THE PRINCII CHAMBERS. THE PRINCII CHAMBERS. THE PRINCII CHAMBERS. THE The gutter at Noble and 38th street was dammed up and on the rampage. The water was over a yard deep.

McConnell, the temperance lecturer, will speak on the public square Thursday evening. His subject will be "How I fell and got up again," and he proposes to pay his addresses to his whisky critics.

Misses Annie Graves and Maggie Hillis, of Barnesville, are visiting friends here.

PARIS, June 3.—An oilicial displact from Algiers gives an account of disturbances in the Province of Constantine. Eight men of the escort of an officer of the Arab Department were killed, but the official escaped. Three battalions of infantry and two detachments of artillery door and using loud and abusive language toward him."

POREIGN NOTES.

The Spanish Government will shortly submit to the Cortes bill a for the abolition of slavery.

Baron Lionel Nathan De Rothschild,

be all of slavery.

Baron Lionel Nathan De Rothschild, chief partner in the banking firm of Rothschild & Co., is dead.

Bismarck wishes to substitute a quadrennial for a triennial parliament, but the change is not likely to be proposed during the present session.

The steamer A. E. Nordenskjold has sailed f em Malta for Behring's Straits, by way of Suez canal, in queest of the steamer Lega, containing the Swedish Arctic explorer Prof. Nordenskjold and party.

Investigations into the expressions alleged to have been used by the Archbishore of Aix, with reference to Jules Ferry's eduction to ill, show the charge to be unfound stied, or at the most, the language furnishes in on sufficient cause for prosecution.

A letter written by the Pope has been published deploring a new civil marriage taw, denying that the church desires to encroach upon the percogatives of the concoach upon the percogatives of the concoach upon the preorgatives of the concoach upon the percogatives of the concoach upon the preorgatives of the concoach upon the preorgative of the concoach u

Trial Yet-Still Searching for Wit

LITTLETON, W. VA., June 3d. Nothing has been done to-day by way remaining two named in the warrant who had not been arrested, came in and surrendered themselves to the officers

to-day. This increases the number to nine.

The hitch in the proceedings is caused by the fact of some of the principal witnesses being absent, for whom the constables have been out all day.

The prisoners are insisting upon a hearing, and say they want to be at home attending to their work.

It is now nearly night, and the constables are still out, rendering it very likely that no trial will be begun this day.

The examination will be begun as soon as Constable Pettit returns.

J.

sault referred to above was made, ia a highly respectable citizen, doing business as a jeweler at No. 1040 Main street, and

as a jeweier at No. 1940 Main street, and residing at No. 641 Main. For the past six or seven years Mr. Stauver has carried on the same business at his present stand, and each evening, after closing his store, he would carry the most valuable portion of his stock of jewelry, watches, etc., to his home for safe keeping. Every evening about half-past eight, he has been in the habit of packing these goods in a wooden box especially designed for the purpose, and which could be carried with convenience, and taking the box home. Monday evening, as usual, he closed his store shortly after eight o'clock, and made his arrangements for the night. It was raining hard, and very dark, when he left the store and started up street. In his right hand he carried an umbrella over his head, while with his left he held the box containing his valuable property. Crossing Main street at the Grant House corner, he proceeded northward on the Leit Creditors Behind. Chicago, June 3.—The prizes were awarded this afternoon to the successful pe destrians in the seventy-five hour walking match, which ended Saturday night. Geo. dollars, and it is asserted that he disap-peared at once, leaving considerable debts behind, his creditors being those who had trained him and made him comfortable during his walk. A dispatch was at once sent to each police station requesting his detention on a charge of swindling. The belt was not taken away.

tion for the expulsion of Representative Petroff, of Philadelphia, on account of alleged corrupt solicitation of members of the General Assembly in connection with the Pittsburgh riot damage bill, was de-feated in the House by a vote of 98 yeas to 88 nays, not the necessary two-thirds.

RECEIPTS FOR THE WEEK.

Crossing Main street at the Grant House corner, he proceeded northward on the west side of that much frequented thoroughfare, meeting several people on the way. While just opposite Pracht's bakery, a square or so above the suspension bridge, a large, powerful tooking man came suddenly out of an alley, and approaching him, dealt him a heavy blow upon the chin with some blunt instrument which he held in his fist. Mr. Stauver, stunned by the blow, staggered backward a few steps, when he was struck on the back of the head by a smaller man who came up from behind. Just at this instant a third man put in an appearance, and seizing the box of jewelry, undertook

instant a third man put in an appearance, and seizing the box of jewelry, undertook to wrest it from Mr. Stauver's hands. The old gentleman, however, dropped his umbrella and held firmly to his property, in the mean-while crying at the top of his voice for assistance. The villians remained perhaps for two minutes, struggling desperately for the possession of the box, but without success. He fought them with the courage of desperation, although unarmed and defenseless, and won. The rascals became alarmed, fearing his cries would alarm the neighbors, and fled, disappearing in different directions. Mr. Stauver proceeded to his home as quickly as possible, and had his injuries attended to, which proved to be trifling, the most important being a bad cut on the chin, and a bruise on the back of the head, where he was struck from behind. WHERE THE CATTLE ARE REPORTED

behind.
Owing to the darkness, Mr. Stauver could not distinguish the features of his assailants, and would therefore be unable

to recognize them. He thinks they watched him pack up his jewely at the store, and followed him with the expectation of having an easy job in getting away with him. But they made a mistake. The old gentleman is smart and active for his year as is shown by the result of the struggle. BELLAIRE LOCALS.-The School Board at a meeting Monday evening, decided to stop the schools at the end of this week, except the High School, which will con-tinue a week longer to prepare for the Commencement.

The management of the schools from now forward will probably be run on a different plan from that which has prevailed until now, and under which Belaire's schools have become equal to any in the country.

laire's schools have become equal to any in the country.

A new block of rooms has been opened in Barnard's coal mines. It is under Nelson's hill, and the great pressure on the coal is probably the cause of its great hardness. The coal now being taken out is harder than the general run. The vein is about six feet thick.

Dr. Wright has put up his sign in Sander's building, on Belmont street.

There seems to be a difference of opinion among the Republicans here about seven when the supply be six work.

The quality of the offerings is fully as good sit was last week, the light Hogs being in on a street was last week, the light Hogs being in the best demand and being classed as the best demand and being classed as the best

The quality of the offerings is fully as good as it was last week, the light Hogs being in best dernand and being classed as the best quality, owing to the price of lind—thosy ranging from 140 to 200 lbs. being most readily solo. Trade for these latter has been quite.

simply because he had to take one side or the other, and that St. Clairsville Democrats will not vote for him. On the other hand, it is said that he took the side of St. Clairsville because he thought by so doing he would get the most Republican votes in this county, were he nominated, and that he must be scratched if Bellaire expects to hold the political whip over Ross Alexander & Co. It does not make much difference as far as the result in the State is concerned, for the Republicans expect to have too large a majority on the whole ticket for a few thousand votes to make any difference.

The heavy rain that fell Monday evening in the country nearly all soaked into the ground. Indian Parameter is a fair supply of those of a good grade as well also of lambs. Most of the best of both kinds have been taken by Eastern specular cors or operators for Eastern markets. Nearly 3,000 have gone East, and but for this demand the trade would have been slow, as sales have been comparatively light to the heavy have been comparatively light to the heavy have been comparatively light to the heavy have been comparatively light to the sales have been comparatively light to the sales have been comparatively light to the sales have Alexander & Co. It does not make much difference as far as the result in the State is concerned, for the Republicans expects to have too large a majority on the whole ticket for a few thousand votes to make any difference.

The heavy rain that fell Monday evening in the country nearly all soaked into the ground. Indian Run was very low for the amount of rain, showing how thirsty the fields were.

The gutter at Noble and 38th street was

the fields were.

The gutter at Noble and 38th street was

toward him."

Mary E. Crouse complained before Justice Wait that Mrs. Mowery had committed a breach of the peace by threatening to kick her, and using abusive language towardles. A warenty was learned.

ward her. A warrant was issued. Mrs. Mary E. Bounds was before Justice

The marks indicate 4 feet 4 inches and

rising slowly.

Weather clear and cool.

The Stockdale passed down yesterday morning for Cincinnati.

The Andes left last evening for Cincin-

nati.

The Graham passed up yesterday and will be down this evening, en route for The Ragon will be to-day's Parkersburg

The Ragon will be to-day a care and a case.
Captain Wintringer expects to get the . W. Batchelor out by Saturday.
The Buckeye State is due up to-morrow.
Local packets are running as usual.

(By Telegraph.)
NASHVILLE, June 3.—River falling, with

MEMPHIS, June 3.-River rose 11 inches Weather clear and pleasan

Louisville, June 3.—Weather clear and cool. River falling; 9 feet in canal. Vicksburg, June 3.—Weather clear. Thermometer 72°. River fallen 4 inches

CARRO, June 3.—River fallen 4 inches and rising. Weather rain this afternoon Physburgh, June 3.—River 2 feet inch and stationary. Weather cloudy and cool. The Abner O'Neal and Emma Gra ham will arrive to-night.

Cincinnati, June 3.—River 10 feet 8 inches and falling. Weather clear and cool. Arrived—W. P. Thompson, Pittsburgh; Cobb Cecil and tow, Pomeroy. Departed—St. Lawrence, Wheeling; Virgle Lee, Evansville; Cobb Cecil and tow, St. Louis.

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